Research Economy Watch

14 November 2023

Downside Risk To Q4 CPI Forecast

- · New monthly price series released
- We see downside risk to our Q4 CPI forecast
- Annual inflation may fall further below RBNZ view
- . Supporting our view that the RBNZ is on hold

Today's selected price indexes from Stats NZ – including some new indicators – point to downside risk to our Q4 CPI forecast which sits at 0.7% q/q and 4.9% y/y.

To start with, food prices fell 0.9% in October, which was a bit more than the small drop we had pencilled in for the month. Importantly, the undershoot to our priors was not in volatile fruit and vegetable prices (that didn't fall as much as we thought they might), but rather spread across the other categories. This suggests October's downside surprise might not unwind over coming months (relative to our forecasts for November and December). If so, this, alone, would lower Q4 CPI by 0.1ppt relative to our current view.

Rents rose 0.4% m/m in October. This matched our priors and thus does not change our thinking for this component for Q4 CPI.

Then there were the new series released today. These implied downside risk to our forecasts for the relevant components for Q4 CPI.

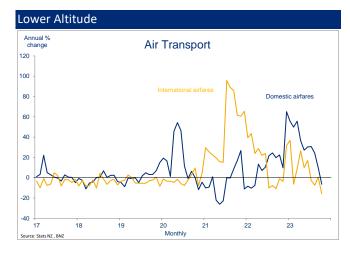
For example, the potential price drop we have long talked about in airfares looks to be coming through with October's figures suggesting a bit more of a drop than we have pencilled in for Q4 overall. Domestic airfares were down 9.4% m/m in October and international airfares fell 7.5% m/m. These prices are down 6.5% and 15.8% on a year ago respectively. Combined, and assuming some bounce through November and December, could see airfares reduce our current Q4 CPI forecast by around 0.2ppt.

Accommodation prices were up a mere 0.8% y/y in October, also suggesting some downside risk to our current Q4 estimates.

Bucking the trend was alcohol and tobacco prices. Combined these rose 1.3% m/m, to be up 8.3% y/y which is tracking ahead of what we currently have built in for Q4. This was driven by the cigarettes and tobacco section. It is unusual for price gains in this component at this time of year. Larger price changes usually occur at the start of the year, often coinciding with changes in excise tax. On its

own, it if is sustained, it would add around 0.1ppt to our Q4 CPI estimate.

Monthly petrol and diesel price indexes were also released as part of today's data. At face value, they looked a little stronger than we have factored in. However, in contrast to all the other monthly series released today, the petrol data will be adjusted (by discounts) before entering the quarterly CPI.



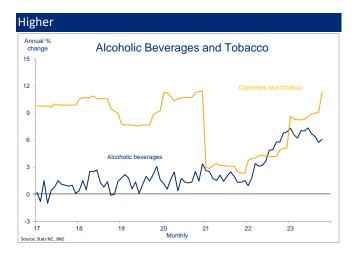


Bringing it altogether, today's data suggest downside risk to our current Q4 CPI view in the order of 0.2 to 0.3ppts.

Of course, whether that is what transpires will depend on what happens to these various prices in November and December, as well as other CPI component prices not covered in today's selected prices monthly release.

www.bnz.co.nz/research Page 1

Economy Watch 14 November 2023



It will take time to fully assess the new series for such things as typical seasonality, especially post Covid, across the various component detail. In any case, we are wary of drawing firm conclusions from monthly data (and even more so from new data series). But we think it is worth highlighting the current risk around our Q4 CPI estimate.

We are not revising down our Q4 CPI pick today, pending further analysis, but it is fair to say it has been put on notice by today's augmented array of monthly price indexes.

We note that the RBNZ's prior (August MPS) CPI forecast had annual inflation at 5.2% in Q4. This was prior to Q3 CPI printing below the Bank's expectations. Today's monthly numbers suggest that annual CPI inflation in Q4 is at risk of pushing further below the Bank's prior forecasts.

All of this supports our view that the RBNZ is done with its hiking cycle. Of course, monetary policy is about much more than just the next quarter's CPI. But the potential starting point and near-term direction for inflation is important to consider. We will provide our full preview of the November MPS next week.

doug_steel@bnz.co.nz

www.bnz.co.nz/research

14 November 2023 **Economy Watch**

Contact Details

BNZ Research

Stephen Toplis

Head of Research +64 4 474 6905

Craig Ebert

Senior Economist +64 4 474 6799

Doug Steel

Senior Economist +64 4 474 6923

Jason Wong

Senior Markets Strategist +64 4 924 7652

Stuart Ritson

Senior Interest Rate Strategist +64 9 9248601

Mike Jones

BNZ Chief Economist +64 9-956 0795

Main Offices

Wellington

Level 2, BNZ Place 1 Whitmore St Private Bag 39806 Wellington Mail Centre Lower Hutt 5045 New Zealand

Toll Free: 0800 283 269

Auckland

80 Queen Street Private Bag 92208 Auckland 1142 New Zealand

Toll Free: 0800 283 269

Christchurch

111 Cashel Street Christchurch 8011 New Zealand

Toll Free: 0800 854 854

This document has been produced by Bank of New Zealand (BNZ). BNZ is a registered bank in New Zealand and is only authorised to offer products and services to customers in New Zealand.

Analyst Disclaimer: The Information accurately reflects the personal views of the author(s) about the securities, issuers and other subject matters discussed, and is based upon sources reasonably believed to be reliable and accurate. The views of the author(s) do not necessarily reflect the views of the NAB Group. No part of the compensation of the author(s) was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to any specific recommendations or views expressed.

BNZ maintains an effective information barrier between the research analysts and its private side operations. Private side functions are physically segregated from the research analysts and have no control over their remuneration or budget. The research functions do not report directly or indirectly to any private side function. The Research analyst might have received help from the issuer subject in the research report.

New Zealand: The information in this publication is provided for general information purposes only, and is a summary based on selective information which may not be complete for your purposes. This publication does not constitute any advice or recommendation with respect to any matter discussed in it, and its contents should not be relied on or used as a basis for entering into any products described in it. Bank of New Zealand recommends recipients seek independent advice prior to acting in relation to any of the matters discussed in this publication.

Any statements as to past performance do not represent future performance, and no statements as to future matters are guaranteed to be accurate or reliable.

Neither Bank of New Zealand nor any person involved in this publication accepts any liability for any loss or damage whatsoever which may directly or indirectly result from any advice,

USA: If this document is distributed in the United States, such distribution is by nabSecurities, LLC. This document is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any securities, financial instrument or product or to provide financial services. It is not the intention of nabSecurities to create legal relations on the basis of information provided herein.

Page 3 www.bnz.co.nz/research